

The State of Spartan Health 2014

Sleep

Why it Matters

- ◆ How and when we sleep is controlled by hormones released in a 24-hour cycle; its timing is set by outside cues. Patterns of meals, exercise and social interactions contribute to the sleep/wake cycle and changes in these cues can disrupt sleep.
- With too little sleep, the body accumulates a "sleep debt." Eventually this debt must be paid, even if it means falling asleep at a bad time - such as while driving a car.
- Not getting enough sleep means:
 - Increased irritability
 - Decreased motivation, memory, concentration and/or creativity
 - Increased proneness to injury
 - Greater likelihood of problems such as upset stomach or headaches

What you can do

- At times, you can't avoid getting too little sleep - but there are things you can do to help:
 - Nap during the day if you know you'll be up late, a nap beforehand helps reduce sleep loss problems.
 - Reduce stress exercise regularly & do things that relax you.
 - Set your sleep-wake schedule - as much as possible, keep to a regular schedule for meals, bedtime, and waking up.
 - Avoid substances that disrupt sleep - Caffeine, alcohol, and nicotine can all make sleep more difficult.



What MSU students say and do

Of MSU students reported experiencing sleep difficulties, and 19% reported it as an impediment to their academic performance.

Of MSU students reported that they felt tired, dragged out, or sleepy 4 or more days in the previous week.

When to Get Help

See a health care provider if:

- **Sleep problems interfere** with school, work, or relationships with friends or family.
- You use sleeping pills to make yourself sleep or amphetamines to keep you alert.
- You have depression, chronic anxiety, pain, or a change in medication. A provider can give you information and help with these possible causes of sleep problems.
- You snore heavily or stop breathing at intervals during the **night** (often starting again with a gasp). You may have sleep apnea, which results from a blocked or partly blocked airway.

Of MSU students reported that sleep difficulties were traumatic/very difficult to handle in the past year.

Of MSU students reported having an extremely hard time falling asleep 3 or more days in the previous week.

Sleep Resources

MSU Counseling Center: Short-term individual counseling, group counseling, substance abuse assessment/services, and prevention education. *counseling.msu.edu*

Student Health Services: A wide variety of health care services are available to MSU students year round at 5 different locations on campus. *olin.msu.edu*

Recreational Sports and Fitness Services: Fitness classes, club and intramural sports, several locations on campus. *recsports.msu.edu*

Health Education: A wide array of campus and classroom educational programs, health promotion campaigns, individualized educational programs, and other health promotion strategies. *olin.msu.edu/healthed*